

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: Polimar FCS Metal Primer
- · Product number: 750030

UFI Number: AE60-955W-6204-FUTP

- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against See Section 16
- · Application of the substance / the mixture Priming
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

IKO PLC Appley Lane North Appley Bridge Wigan Lancashire WN6 9AB

· Further information obtainable from:

Product safety department

+44 7725 940 678

· Emergency telephone number:

24h - emergency number +49 700 24 112 112 (W)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02 flame

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



GHS07

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms





GHS02 GHS07

· Signal word Danger



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· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

· Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

· Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Does not meet the PBT-criteria of Annex XIII of REACH (self assessment).
- · vPvB: Does not meet the vPvB-criteria of Annex XIII of REACH (self assessment).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Mixtures

· Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:		
CAS: 108-65-6 EINECS: 203-603-9 Reg.nr.: 01-2119475791-29-0001	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336	10-25%
CAS: 141-78-6 EINECS: 205-500-4 Reg.nr.: 01-2119475103-46	ethyl acetate Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336	10-25%

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

· 4.1 Description of first aid measures

· General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Take affected persons out of danger area and lay down.

Involve doctor immediately.

· After inhalation:

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet.

Seek medical treatment.

· After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

- · After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
- · After swallowing: Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.
- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Headache

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Dizziness

Skin sensitization.

Irritant to skin, eyes and respiratory system.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents: CO₂, sand, extinguishing powder, foam.
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Can form explosive gas-air mixtures.

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide (CO)

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

Wear fully protective suit.

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

· Additional information

Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

• 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Ensure adequate ventilation



Keep away from ignition sources.

Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

Dilute with plenty of water.

· 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Do not flush with water or aqueous cleansing agents

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Cool down container when heated. Cool containers exposed to heat with water. Emergency cooling must be provided in the event of an ambient fire. Keep container tightly closed to prevent heat build up (pressure increase). Avoid heat.

Not giving remnants back into the storage vessels.

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Providing good ventilating/suction at work.

at least 7-fold air changes per hour

Prevent formation of aerosols.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Highly volatile, flammable constituents are released during processing.

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.

Only explosion-proof equipment.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

Protect from heat.

· 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

· Storage:

· Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle.

Store in a cool location.

· Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from oxidising agents.

Store away from foodstuffs.

· Further information about storage conditions:

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

Storage in a collecting room is required.

Store under lock and key and with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants only.

max. Storage temperature 30 ° C

Keep container tightly sealed.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) Building coating or sealing.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.
- · 8.1 Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:		
108-65-6 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (10-25%)		
WEL Short-term value: 548 mg/m³, 100 ppm Long-term value: 274 mg/m³, 50 ppm Sk		
141-78-6 ethyl acetate (10-25%)		
WEL Short-term value: 1468 mg/m³, 400 ppm Long-term value: 734 mg/m³, 200 ppm		
112945-52-5 Synthetische, amorphe, pyrogene Kieselsäure (≤2.5%)		
TWA Short-term value: 6 mg/m³ Long-term value: 2.4 mg/m³		
. DNEL e		

· DNELs			
	108-65-6 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		
	Oral	DNEL (population)	1.67 mg/kg bw/day (Long-term - systemic effects)
	Dermal	DNEL (worker)	153.5 mg/kg bw/day (Long-term - systemic effects)

Inhalative DNEL (worker) 275 mg/m³ (Long-term - systemic effects) 33 mg/m³ (Long-term - systemic effects)

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141-78-6 ethyl acetate		
Oral	DNEL (population)	4.5 mg/kg bw/day (Long-term - systemic effects)
Dermal	DNEL	63 mg/kg bw/day (Long-term - systemic effects)
	DNEL (population)	37 mg/m³ (Long-term - systemic effects)
Inhalative	DNEL (worker)	1,468 mg/m³ (Acute - local effects)
		1,468 mg/m³ (Acute - systemic effects)
		734 mg/m³ (Long-term - systemic effects)
		734 mg/m³ (Long-term - local effects)
	DNEL (population)	734 mg/m³ (Acute - local effects)
		734 mg/m³ (Acute - systemic effects)
		367 mg/m³ (Long-term - systemic effects)
		367 mg/m³ (Long-term - local effects)
PNECs		
108-65-6 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		

PNEC | 0.0635 mg/l (seawater) | 0.635 mg/l (freshwater)

141-78-6 ethyl acetate

PNEC 0.22 mg/kg (ground)

0.34 mg/kg (sediment)

PNEC 0.26 mg/l (water)

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Respiratory protection:

Ensure good ventilation.

In interiors and at transgression of the limiting values breath filtration device: Filter type A1 using an air recycling independent breathing apparatus at high concentrations A2 at an intensive or longer outline.

· Protection of hands:

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Preventive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended.

After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics.

Check protective gloves prior to each use for their proper condition.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Protective gloves according EN 374.

Saitable material: nitrile.

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· Penetration time of glove material

Our Recommendation is mainly on a one-time use as a short-term protection Liquid splashes. For other applications, you should contact a glove manufacturer.

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

- For the permanent contact in work areas without heightened risk of injury (e.g. Laboratory) gloves made of the following material are suitable: Butyl rubber, BR
- · For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable: Butyl rubber, BR
- · Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials: Leather gloves
- · Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles EN standard: EN 166

· Body protection:

· Density at 20 °C:

· Evaporation rate



Protective work clothing

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

OLOTION 3. I hysical and chemic	odi properties	
 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties General Information Appearance: 		
Form:	Fluid	
Colour:	According to product specification	
· Odour:	Fruit-like	
· Odour threshold:	Not determined.	
· pH-value:	Not determined.	
 Change in condition Melting point/freezing point: Initial boiling point and boiling range: 	Undetermined. 77 °C (Ethylacetat)	
· Flash point:	5 °C (EN ISO 3680)	
· Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable.	
· Ignition temperature:	315 °C (1-Methoxy-2-propylacetat)	
· Auto-ignition temperature:	Product is not selfigniting.	
· Explosive properties:	Not determined.	
· Explosion limits:		
Lower:	2.1 Vol % (Ethylacetat)	
Upper:	11.5 Vol % (Etylacetat)	
· Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	4.9 hPa (Ethylacetat)	

1.51 g/cm³ (EN ISO 2811-1)

Not determined.

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(Common page
Fully miscible.
Not determined.
2,000 mPas (EN ISO 2555)
36.4 %
36.39 %
64.0 %
No further relevant information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity see Section 10.2
- 10.2 Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction.

Reacts with peroxides and other radical forming substances.

A hazardous polymerization may occur after the exhaustion of the inhibitor.

- 10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid heat. Avoid direct sunlight.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials: Reactions with peroxides and other free-radical generators.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

No dangerous decomposition prodocts used according to specifications.

· Additional information:

Emergency procedures will vary depending on individual circumstances. The customer should have a contingency plan to the workplace may be present.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- 11.1 Information on toxicological effects There were no toxicological findings to the mixture.
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

	7.0.0.0 10.0.0 10.0.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0		
· LD/LC50	· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:		
ATE (Acu	ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimates)		
Inhalative	Inhalative LC50/4h >91.5 mg/l (rat)		
108-65-6	108-65-6 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		
Oral	LD50	8,500 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LC50	5,000 mg/kg (rat)	
Inhalative	LC50/4h 35.7 mg/l (rat)		
141-78-6	141-78-6 ethyl acetate		
Oral	LD50	4,934 mg/kg (rabbit) (OECD 401)	
Dermal	LD50	>18,000 mg/kg (rabbit)	
	LC50	>18,000 mg/kg (rat)	
Inhalative	LC50/4h	56 mg/l (rat)	
		(Contd. on none 0)	

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- · Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Other information (about experimental toxicology):

Due to the high vapor pressure is a harmful concentration in the air quickly been reached. At high concentrations can occur narcotic effect.

- · Subacute to chronic toxicity: not tested
- · Repeated dose toxicity no data available
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction) not tested
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity:		
108-65-6 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		
EC50/48h	>500 mg/l (daphnia magna)	
LC50/96h	100-180 mg/l (Rainbow trout)	
141-78-6 ethyl acetate		
EC50/24h	3,090 mg/l (daphnia magna) (DIN 38412, Part 11)	
EC50/48h	164 mg/l (daphnia magna)	
	3,300 mg/l (scenedesmus subspicatus)	
LC50/96h	230 mg/l (fish)	
	455 mg/l (pimephales promelas)	
NOEC/72h	>100 mg/l (Alge (Desmodesmus subspicatus)) (OECD 201)	
NOEC/21d	2.4 mg/l (daphnia magna)	

- · 12.2 Persistence and degradability Easily biodegradable
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Does not meet the PBT-criteria of Annex XIII of REACH (self assessment).
- · vPvB: Does not meet the vPvB-criteria of Annex XIII of REACH (self assessment).
- · 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Hazardous waste according to Waste Catalogue (EWC). If recycling is not possible, waste must be in compliance with local regulations to be removed.

Recommendation



Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Uncured product residues are special waste.

Cured product residues are not hazardous waste.

· Waste disposal key:

The following Waste Codes of the European Waste Catalogue (EWC), are considered a recommendation. The disposal must be coordinated with the local waste disposal company.

Liquid product:

080111 * paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

080199 waste nec

Cured product residues:

080112 paint and varnish wastes other than those mentioned in 080111

080410 adhesive waste adhesives and sealants other than those mentioned in 080409

- · European waste catalogue 080111 * (recommended)
- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation:

This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

· Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

SECTION 14: Transport information

· 14.1 UN-Number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1263	
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name		
· ADR	1263 PAINT	
· IMDG, IATA	PAINT	
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		

- · ADR, IMDG, IATA



· Class	3 Flammable liquids.
· Label	3
· 14.4 Packing group	
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	III
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:	
· Marine pollutant:	No

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 14.6 Special precautions for user Danger code (Kemler): EMS Number: 	Warning: Flammable liquids.
· Stowage Category	F-E, <u>S-E</u> A
· 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II	
Marpol and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
 ADR Limited quantities (LQ) Excepted quantities (EQ) Transport category Tunnel restriction code Remarks: 	5L Code: E1 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml 3 E Classification according to viscosity clause (2.2.3.1.4)
IMDG Limited quantities (LQ) Excepted quantities (EQ) Remarks:	5L Code: E1 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml Classification according to viscosity clause (2.3.2.3)
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN 1263 PAINT, 3, III

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5,000 t
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 50,000 t
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3
- · National regulations:
- · Information about limitation of use:

Employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (94/33/EC).

Employment restrictions for maternity Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant and nursing mothers.

· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

These figures relate to the product as delivered.

Sector of Use

Relevant identified uses of the mixture

SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU19 Building and construction work

SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

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Uses advised against

SU21 Consumer uses: Private households / general public / consumers

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

· Training hints

Teaching about hazards and precautions to hand the operating instructions (Technical Rule 555). Instruction must take place before the start of employment and at least annually thereafter.

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3

Sources

www.gestis.de www.echa.eu logkow.cisti.nrc.ca

Version History.

V1 June 2015 New release for Classifiaction, Labelling Packaging Regulations

V2 July 2019 Revised Logo, Added UFI Code